# DEFINITION OF THE EVALUATION DOMAIN

## **Adult General Education**

Diversified Basic Education Program
History of the 20th Century

HISTORY OF THE 20TH CENTURY 1

HST-5201-2

August 2024



The Charter of the French language and its regulations govern the consultation of English-language content.

#### **Coordination and content**

Direction de l'éducation des adultes Direction générale de l'éducation des adultes et de la formation professionnelle Secteur de la réussite éducative et de la main-d'œuvre

**Title of original document:** Histoire du 20<sup>e</sup> siècle 1, Définition du domaine d'évaluation

### **English version**

Services linguistiques en anglais Direction du soutien au réseau éducatif anglophone

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ISBN 978-2-550-98858-8 (PDF)

Legal Deposit - Bibliothèque et Archives nationales du Québec, 2024

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## Introduction

The Definition of the Evaluation Domain (DED) ensures consistency between a course and the related evaluation instruments. The DED is used to select, organize and describe the essential and representative elements of a course. The DED is based on the program of study and the course, but should by no means replace them in the planning of instructional activities.

All the DEDs produced after June 30, 2014, by the Ministère de l'Éducation (MEQ) are prescriptive. Consequently, they are the reference documents to be used in the development of all examinations, be they ministerial examinations or those developed by adult education centres or by Société GRICS (BIM). The DEDs thus serve as a model for preparing multiple equivalent versions of examinations that are valid across the province.<sup>1</sup>

Since the development of evaluation instruments for this course is the responsibility of authorized educational institutions, the prototype examination provided by the Ministère may be used as is, be modified or be used as an example for the development of new versions.

Any new version of the examination or modifications of the prototype examination must bear the logo of the institution that developed it.

At no time may the ministerial and prototype examinations produced by the Ministère be used as evaluation to support learning or as classroom practice exercises.

Furthermore, as set out in the *Policy on the Evaluation of Learning*, adult learners must know what they will be evaluated on and what is expected of them.<sup>2</sup> The DEDs, along with the tools and rubrics in the appendix, are recommended for this purpose.

Québec, Ministère de l'Éducation du Québec, Policy on the Evaluation of Learning (Québec: Gouvernement du Québec, 2003), 47.

<sup>2.</sup> Ibid., 9.

### **Evaluation Content**

## **General Information Subject Area Program of Study** Social Sciences History of the 20th Century Course History of the 20th Century 1 **Essential Elements Targeted by the Evaluation Subject-Specific Competencies** Categories of Knowledge 1. Characterizes a historical turning point The items of prescribed knowledge are grouped according to the historical turning 2. Interprets a social phenomenon using the historical points and social phenomena to be studied. method **Evaluation Criteria Evaluation Criterion for Know-How** Proficiency in Subject-Specific Knowledge Proficiency in subject-specific knowledge Appropriate use of knowledge presupposes its acquisition, understanding, application and mobilization, and is **Evaluation Criterion for Competency 1** therefore linked with the evaluation criteria for the competencies. Coherent representation of a historical turning point **Evaluation Criterion for Competency 2** Rigour of the interpretation

## **Explanation of the Evaluation Content**

#### **Evaluation Criteria**

The evaluation criteria are stated exactly as in the course.

### Information Clarifying the Evaluation Criteria

#### Appropriate use of knowledge

This criterion evaluates the adult learner's ability to perform intellectual operations (that is, know-how related to the key features of the competencies). The examination takes into account the following intellectual operations:

- Situate in time and space
- · Identify differences and similarities
- Determine causes and consequences
- Determine changes and continuities
- Establish connections between facts
- Establish causal connections

#### Coherent representation of a historical turning point

This criterion evaluates the adult learner's ability to produce a description highlighting cultural, economic, political, social and territorial elements of part or all of a historical turning point.

#### Rigour of the interpretation

This criterion evaluates the adult learner's ability to develop an explanation highlighting major cultural, economic, political, social and territorial changes relating to a social phenomenon.

#### **Proficiency in Subject-Specific Knowledge**

Proficiency in subject-specific knowledge is assessed through the evaluation of the subject-specific competencies, using tasks related to the evaluation criteria.

#### Weighting

The weighting for the evaluation of the competencies is determined in accordance with the *Framework for the Evaluation of Learning* in general education in the youth sector.

Competency 1, Characterizes a historical turning point, and Competency 2, Interprets a social phenomenon using the historical method: 100%

## Knowledge

The examination must cover the majority of the knowledge to be acquired for each of the two historical turning points and for each of the two social phenomena.

Historical turning points	Social phenomena	Knowledge related to the historical turning points and social phenomena	
The First World War	European hegemony considered in terms of the intensification of imperial rivalries	<ul> <li>Alliances and rivalries among states</li> <li>First World War</li> <li>Currents of thought</li> <li>Organization of colonial empires</li> <li>Economic organization</li> </ul>	
The Second World War	Crises and conflicts considered in terms of the rise of totalitarian regimes	<ul> <li>Economic depression</li> <li>Currents of thought</li> <li>Political regimes</li> <li>Political, economic and territorial demands</li> <li>Treaties and alliances</li> <li>Second World War</li> </ul>	

## **Specifications for the Evaluation Instruments**

#### **Examination: Number of Parts, Procedure and Duration**

The examination consists of three parts that must be administered during the same evaluation session.

The examination evaluates the criteria Appropriate use of knowledge, Coherent representation of a historical turning point and Rigour of the interpretation.

The total duration of the examination must not exceed 180 minutes.

The examination consists of the following documents:

- the Adult's Booklet
- the Document File
- the Marking Guide
- the Instructions for Administering the Examination

#### **Examination Content**

#### **Examination Requirements**

The examination requires that the adult learner:

- master the historical knowledge and concepts necessary to analyze the documents and answer the questions
- analyze and use various kinds of documents appropriately
- perform intellectual operations
- produce a description highlighting cultural, economic, political, social and territorial elements of part or all of a historical turning point
- develop an explanation highlighting major cultural, economic, political, social and territorial changes relating to a social phenomenon
- provide complete, clear answers that present accurate facts

#### Part 1: Appropriate use of knowledge

The tasks evaluate the adult learner's ability to perform intellectual operations (that is, know-how related to the key features of the competencies). The various intellectual operations must be equally distributed in Part 1.

All the tasks must make reference to the *Document File* included in the examination. The tasks must target items of prescribed knowledge from the two historical turning points and the two social phenomena being studied.

The table below presents the intellectual operations and the behaviours expected of the adult learner. It also indicates the number of marks allocated for each of the operations.

INTELLECTUAL OPERATIONS	EXPECTED BEHAVIOURS <sup>3</sup>	
	The adult learner must place facts in chronological order, taking into account chronological reference points.	2
Situate in time and	The adult learner must place a fact or a set of facts on a timeline.	1
space	The adult learner must classify facts according to whether they come before or after a chronological reference point.	2
	The adult learner must identify the location of a geographical feature, a fact or a territory on a map.	1 or 2
	The adult learner must identify a difference with regard to one or more points of comparison.	2
	The adult learner must identify a similarity with regard to one or more points of comparison.	2
Identify differences	The adult learner must identify the specific point on which two historical actors or two historians disagree (divergence).	2
and similarities	The adult learner must identify the specific point on which two historical actors or two historians agree (convergence).	2
	The adult learner must identify differences and similarities with regard to historical actors' points of view or historians' interpretations. The historical actors may be individuals, groups of people, organizations or institutions.	3
Determine causes and consequences	The adult learner must identify an explanatory factor, that is, a fact that explains a historical phenomenon. The explanatory factor may consist of events, interests, objectives, influences, geographical features or actions.	2
	The adult learner must identify a fact that results from a historical phenomenon.	2
	The adult learner must identify a fact that shows that a historical phenomenon changes.	2
Determine changes and continuities	The adult learner must identify a fact that shows that a historical phenomenon persists.	2
	The adult learner must show that a historical phenomenon changes or persists.	3
Establish connections between facts	connections these facts or descriptions that are related to them. The facts may	
Establish causal connections	The adult learner must establish a logical connection between facts.	3

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<sup>3.</sup> The majority of the expected behaviours must be covered in Part 1.

#### Part 2: Coherent representation of a historical turning point

The task evaluates the adult learner's ability to produce a description highlighting cultural, economic, political, social and territorial elements of part or all of a historical turning point.

The task must make reference to the Document File included in the examination.

The table below presents the observable elements associated with the evaluation of a description. Details on the observable elements are provided in the Expected Behaviours column. The table also indicates the number of marks allocated for this task.

OBSERVABLE ELEMENTS	EXPECTED BEHAVIOURS	NUMBER OF MARKS
Identifies the topic of the description	The adult learner must identify the topic of the description. To do this, the adult learner must identify the historical phenomenon (e.g. a fact, event, period, situation or set of circumstances) to be described in relation to part or all of a historical turning point.	2
Provides details on connected elements	The adult learner must provide details on the connected elements related to the topic of the description. To do this, the adult learner must identify facts that are interrelated.	6

#### Part 3: Rigour of the interpretation

The task evaluates the adult learner's ability to develop an explanation highlighting major cultural, economic, political, social and territorial changes relating to a social phenomenon.

The task must make reference to the *Document File* included in the examination. The task in Part 3 does not relate to the same historical turning point or social phenomenon as the task in Part 2.

The table below presents the observable elements associated with the evaluation of an explanation. Details on the observable elements are provided in the Expected Behaviours column. The table also indicates the number of marks allocated for this task.

OBSERVABLE ELEMENTS	EXPECTED BEHAVIOURS	NUMBER OF MARKS
Indicates the	The adult learner must indicate the elements of the answer. To do this, the adult learner must:	
elements of the	identify causes and consequences	4
answer	identify changes and continuities	
	The adult learner must support the elements of the answer with facts. To do this, the adult learner must:	
Supports the elements of the answer with facts	identify facts that illustrate them, such as manifestations, actions or statistical data	4
	or	
	identify facts that explain them	

#### Role of the Documents in the Document File

The *Document File* is divided into three parts that correspond to the parts of the examination. The *Document File* consists of historical documents (written or visual), writings by historians, diagrams, tables, illustrations, maps or timelines. The following tables identify and describe the role played by the documents with respect to each part.

#### Description of the role of the documents for the questions in Part 1

The documents relating to Part 1 are presented by historical turning point or social phenomenon in the *Document File*.

ROLE	DESCRIPTION
The document suggests avenues for answering the question.	The document guides the adult learner in developing the answer by providing reference points in space and time, for example.  The document may or may not be mentioned in the question.
The document places the question in context.	The document guides the adult learner in developing the answer by indicating the historical context referred to in the question.  The document may or may not be mentioned in the question.
The document is part of the question.	The document provides the adult learner with information required for answering the question.  The document is mentioned in the question.
The document constitutes the answer to the question.	The document provides information that enables the adult learner to select it as the answer to the question. The expected answer consists of one or more document numbers.  The document is not mentioned in the question.

#### Description of the role of the documents for the question in Part 2

For Part 2, the adult learner must select only those documents in the *Document File* that relate to the historical turning point and territory concerned. The adult learner is instructed to select the documents first, before answering the question.

ROLE	DESCRIPTION		
The documents contribute	The documents guide the adult learner in determining the topic of the description.		
to the production of a	or		
description.	The documents enable the adult learner to provide details on the connected elements related to the topic of the description.		

#### Description of the role of the documents for the question in Part 3

ROLE	DESCRIPTION
The documents contribute	The documents guide the adult learner in establishing the elements of the answer.
to the development of an explanation.	or The documents enable the adult learner to illustrate or explain the
	elements of the answer (depending on what the instructions specify).

#### **Information-Gathering Tool**

The Adult's Booklet is the information-gathering tool.

#### **Authorized Materials**

No materials are authorized.

#### **Assessment Tools**

The questions in Part 1 are marked by referring to the answer key and explanation of the marking procedure provided in the *Marking Guide*.

The questions in Parts 2 and 3 are marked by referring to the answer key, rubric and explanation of the marking procedure provided in the *Marking Guide*.

#### **Pass Mark**

The pass mark is 60%.

### **Retakes**

The adult learner must retake the entire examination.

## **Appendix – Tools and Rubrics**

#### Part 1

The questions in Part 1 are associated with the evaluation criterion *Appropriate use of knowledge*. They evaluate the adult learner's ability to perform intellectual operations.

The following pages present the intellectual operations (in bold), the expected behaviours (in italics), and the evaluation tools associated with each of the expected behaviours.

#### Situate in time and space

 The adult learner must place facts in chronological order, taking into account chronological reference points.

Situate in	2 marks	0 marks
time and space	The adult learner situates all the facts in time. (3 out of 3)	The adult learner does not situate all the facts in time. (2, 1 or 0 out of 3)

• The adult learner must place a fact or a set of facts on a timeline.

Situate in	1 mark	0 marks
time and space	The adult learner situates the facts in time.	The adult learner does not situate the facts in time.

 The adult learner must classify facts according to whether they come before or after a chronological reference point.

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Situate in time and space	The adult learner situates all the facts in time. (4 out of 4)	The adult learner situates some facts in time. (3 or 2 out of 4)	The adult learner does not situate the facts in time. (1 or 0 out of 4)

• The adult learner must identify the location of a geographical feature, a fact or a territory on a map.

	Situate in time	1 mark	0 marks	
	and space	The adult learner situates the fact in space.	The adult learner does not situate the fact in space.	
or				
	Situate in time	2 marks	0 marks	
	and space	The adult learner situates the fact in space.	The adult learner does not situate the fact in space.	
or				

v.				
		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
	Situate in time and space	The adult learner situates the two facts in space. (2 out of 2)	The adult learner situates one of the facts in space. (1 out of 2)	The adult learner does not situate the facts in space. (0 out of 2)

#### Identify differences and similarities

The adult learner must identify a difference with regard to one or more points of comparison.

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Identify differences and similarities	The adult learner identifies the difference correctly.	The adult learner identifies the difference to some extent.	The adult learner identifies the difference incorrectly or does not identify it.

The adult learner must identify a similarity with regard to one or more points of comparison.

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Identify differences and similarities	The adult learner identifies the similarity correctly.	The adult learner identifies the similarity to some extent.	The adult learner identifies the similarity incorrectly or does not identify it.

• The adult learner must identify the specific point on which two historical actors or two historians disagree (divergence).

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Identify differences and similarities	The adult learner correctly identifies the point of divergence between the points of view.	The adult learner identifies the point of divergence to some extent or simply presents the two points of view.	The adult learner incorrectly identifies the point of divergence between the points of view or does not identify it.

• The adult learner must identify the specific point on which two historical actors or two historians agree (convergence).

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Identify differences and similarities	The adult learner correctly identifies the point of convergence between the points of view.	The adult learner identifies to some extent the point of convergence between the points of view.	The adult learner incorrectly identifies the point of convergence between the points of view or does not identify it.

 The adult learner must identify differences and similarities with regard to historical actors' points of view or historians' interpretations. The historical actors may be individuals, groups of people, organizations or institutions.

	_	and presents the two positions correctly.	3 marks
	The adult learner correctly identifies the historical actor whose position is different and the other position and presents the two and presents one and presen	and the other position to come extent.	
Identify differences and similarities		and presents the two positions to some extent.  or  and presents one position correctly and the other position incorrectly or not at all.	1 mark
		and presents, at most, a single position to some extent.	0 marks
		either incorrectly identifies the historical actor whose position is different or does not identify the actor at all.	0 marks

Note:

An adult learner who simply identifies the three historical actors and correctly presents the respective positions of each without identifying the actor whose position is different and the actors whose positions are similar, receives 1 mark.

### **Determine causes and consequences**

- The adult learner must identify an explanatory factor, that is, a fact that explains a historical phenomenon.
   The explanatory factor may consist of events, interests, objectives, influences, geographical features or actions.
- The adult learner must identify a fact that results from a historical phenomenon.

For questions requiring a written answer:

		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
	Determine causes and consequences	The adult learner determines the explanatory factor correctly.	The adult learner determines the explanatory factor to some extent.	The adult learner determines the explanatory factor incorrectly or does not determine it.
or				
		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
	Determine causes and consequences	The adult learner determines the consequence correctly.	The adult learner determines the consequence to some extent.	The adult learner determines the consequence incorrectly or does not determine it.

For questions to which the answer consists of document numbers:

		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks			
	Determine causes and consequences	The adult learner determines the two explanatory factors. (2 out of 2)	The adult learner determines one of the explanatory factors. (1 out of 2)	The adult learner does not determine any explanatory factors. (0 out of 2)			
or							
		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks			
	Determine causes and consequences	The adult learner determines the explanatory factor and the consequence. (2 out of 2)	The adult learner determines either the explanatory factor or the consequence. (1 out of 2)	The adult learner determines neither the explanatory factor nor the consequence. (0 out of 2)			

#### **Determine changes and continuities**

• The adult learner must identify a fact that shows that a historical phenomenon changes.

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Determine changes and continuities	The adult learner determines the change correctly.	The adult learner determines the change to some extent.	The adult learner determines the change incorrectly or does not determine it.

• The adult learner must identify a fact that shows that a historical phenomenon persists.

	2 marks	1 mark	0 marks
Determine changes and continuities	The adult learner determines the continuity correctly.	The adult learner determines the continuity to some extent.	The adult learner determines the continuity incorrectly or does not determine it.

The adult learner must show that a historical phenomenon changes or persists.

	The adult learner	and presents facts that correctly show the change or continuity.	3 marks (or 2 marks*)
	indicates whether there	and presents facts that show the change or continuity to some extent.	2 marks (or 1 mark*)
Determine changes and	was change or continuity	and presents facts that show the change or continuity incorrectly or does not present any facts.	0 marks
continuities	The adult learner does not indicate whether there was change or continuity	but presents accurate facts.	2 marks (or 1 mark*)
		but presents facts that are accurate to some extent.	1 mark (or 0 marks*)
		and presents inaccurate facts or does not present any facts.	0 marks

<sup>\*</sup> The adult learner mentions a specific point in time that is either accurate to some extent or inaccurate or mentions no specific point in time at all.

#### Notes:

Each of the following is an example of a specific point in time: a date, a year, a span of time, a particular period or an event.

Adverbs such as *now* or *still*, used in place of specific points in time, are deemed to be accurate to some extent.

An adult learner who indicates that there was both change and continuity must present facts that show the change and continuity correctly in order to receive 3 marks.

#### **Establish connections between facts**

 The adult learner must associate facts with manifestations of these facts or descriptions that are related to them. The facts may consist of actions, events, measures, ideologies, economic activities, etc.

		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks	
	Establish connections between facts	The adult learner establishes connections between all the facts. (2 out of 2)	The adult learner establishes connections between some facts. (1 out of 2)	The adult learner does not establish connections between the facts. (0 out of 2)	
or					
		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks	
	Establish connections between facts	The adult learner establishes connections between all the facts. (3 out of 3)	The adult learner establishes connections between some facts. (2 out of 3)	The adult learner does not establish connections between the facts. (1 or 0 out of 3)	
or					
		2 marks	1 mark	0 marks	
	Establish connections between facts	The adult learner establishes connections between all the facts. (4 out of 4)	The adult learner establishes connections between some facts. (3 or 2 out of 4)	The adult learner does not establish connections between the facts. (1 or 0 out of 4)	

#### **Establish causal connections**

• The adult learner must establish a logical connection between facts.

	The adult learner provides details on the three elements	and correctly establishes two causal connections.	3 marks	
		and correctly establishes one causal connection.	2 marks	
		but does not correctly establish any causal connections.	1 mark	
Establish causal connections	The adult learner provides details on two elements	and correctly establishes one causal connection.	2 marks	
		but does not correctly establish any causal connections.	1 mark	
	The adult learner provides details on only one element or does not provide details on any of the elements.			

**Note:** Accept any equivalent wording if the connections established are logical and the adult learner's answer reflects the meaning of the answer provided in the *Marking Guide*.

#### Part 2

The question in Part 2 is associated with the evaluation criterion *Coherent representation of a historical turning point*. This criterion evaluates the adult learner's ability to produce a description highlighting cultural, economic, political, social and territorial elements of part or all of a historical turning point.

Rubric Criterion: Coherent representation of a historical turning point

		Identifies the topic of the descript	ion		
The adult learner identifies the topic correctly.		The adult learner identifies the topic to some extent.  The adult learner identifies the topic incorrectly or does not identify it.		ectly	/2
2 marks		1 mark 0 marks			
		Provides details on connected elem	nents		
	The adult learner	and provides details on the other two elements.		3 marks	
	provides details on the central element	and provides details on one of the other two elements.		2 marks	
First		but does not provide details on the other two elements.			/3
connection	The adult learner does not provide details on the central element	but provides details on the other two elements. 1 mai			
		but provides details on one of the or does not provide any	0 marks		
	The adult learner _ provides details on the central element	and provides details on the othe	and provides details on the other two elements.		
		and provides details on one of the other two elements.		2 marks	
Second		but does not provide details on the other two elements.		1 mark	/3
connection	The adult learner does not provide details on the central element	but provides details on the other two elements. 1 mark		1 mark	
		but provides details on one of the other two elements or does not provide any details.		0 marks	
Total					/8

#### Part 3

The question in Part 3 is associated with the evaluation criterion *Rigour of the interpretation*. This criterion evaluates the adult learner's ability to develop an explanation highlighting major cultural, economic, political, social and territorial changes relating to a social phenomenon.

Rubric Criterion: Rigour of the interpretation

	Indicates the elements of the answer			Supports the elements of the answer with facts				
First element of the answer	The adult learner indicates the element	correctly.	2 marks	The adult learner supports the element	sufficiently.	2 marks	/4	
					to some extent.	1 mark		
		to some extent.	1 mark		insufficiently.	0 marks		
	The adult learner indicates the element incorrectly 0 marks or does not indicate it.		O morko	The adult learner	accurate and relevant.	1 mark		
			presents facts that are	inaccurate.	0 marks			
	The adult learner indicates the element	correctly.	2 marks			sufficiently.	2 marks	
Second element of the answer				The adult learner supports the element	to some extent.	1 mark	/4	
		to some extent.	o some extent. 1 mark		insufficiently.	0 marks		
	The adult learner indicates	The adult learner presents facts that are	accurate and relevant.	1 mark				
	the element incorrectly 0 marks or does not indicate it.		inaccurate.	0 marks				
Total							/8	